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Remove browsing history android

How to clear browsing history android. How to remove search history android. How to remove browsing history from android phone.

By Elijah Chau | Xixinxing / Xixinxing / Getty Images The iPod Touch is the only iPod running iOS - Apple's mobile operating system - and consequently, is able to surf the Internet. Your browser works the same way as any desktop client or mobile Internet, which allows you to browse web pages, search for videos or images and access sites like Facebook and Twitter. Its privacy options are just as large. If you want to keep your web activity private, you can delete the iPod online browsing history. Select "Settings" from the main iPod main screen. Scroll down the "Settings" screen and select "Safari" to open the browser preferences tab. Go beyond the primary activation switches for Safari. At the bottom of the screen, select "Clear history" and "Clear cache" to clean all signs of navigation activity. Back to the home screen Once both activities are completed. For Melody Dawn | Jupiterimages / Bananastock / Getty Images Your history of Internet browsing is something you may want to keep private. This is especially true when using a public computer. When you use the Internet, your browser tracks every website you've visited and searched. Checking your private navigation history could be useful when you want to go back to a site you've found useful. If you want to hide your browsing history, you can cancel the history from your browser. Double-click on your Internet Explorer browser to open a browser page. Choose "Tools" from menu items to the left. Select "Delete Navigation History" from the list of drop-down menu items. Check all items in the box to completely remove the navigation history. Click "Delete" at the bottom of the box. Wait for items to be deleted from your computer. A window shows the deleted objects will appear. The window will close when the chronology is clear. Open your Firefox browser. Select the "Tools" menu at the top left of the browser. Choose "Options" from the drop-down menu. Click the "Privacy" tab and select "Delete Navigation History". You can change the number of days when you want to delete. Click "OK" at the bottom of the window. Ben Ledoux | Creatas Images / Creatas / Getty Images The cancellation of the browsing history on the Internet can be performed at various levels, but in a way involves canceling the history of each visited website and the web search performed by the computer on each browser Used. Another way, deleting recovery points, leaves zero traces of the user's internet history inside the computer as the computer will have no reason to recover and save the data. This second process, while slightly designed, can ensure the user that nobody will be able to backtrack through his personal information at a later time. Within the "Tools" tab of your Internet browser, click on "Internet Options" to find the place where you can cancel the navigation history. Under the "Navigation History" tab, click "Delete" to access the box used to delete Internet history. Check "History and Cookie" and clicking "OK" will delete each Internet file that has been examined in the specified browser. This is the same process you need to follow for each browser used if you want to delete all traces of web browsing. Although there are ways to recover deleted data in this way, it is an invasive process and would require administrative access from Windows to do. To delete every track of Internet history from the computer, the points Restore must be deleted. This process involves entering the "System Tools" within the "Start" menu and search for the "System Restore" application search. The user has the possibility of disabling the restore of the system and delete recovery points. The restore points are places where the computer saved all the information on the computer so that if a problem arises, the system restoration application may come back to time on a previous day and report all the information with it. Internet history included. In each of our eight installments over many weeks, we trecco we trecco Technologies, phones, people and events that have modeled Android throughout your life, bringing a unique view of a platform used by over a billion people. We will see how Android has grown from a scrappy startup in a domain position on the mobile landscape while driving in new product areas as wearable and automotive - and how the fortunes have changed in the mobile cut of cutting in the past eight years. Android hasn't just happened. The origins of the dominant mobile operating system of the world can be traced directly at the beginning of the previous decade. In the first part of our series of Android history, we look back the first origins of the operating system, the path to launch the original Android phone, the T-Mobile G1 and some of the influences that have modeled the first days of Android. And we will take a rare aspect in one of the first Android prototypes that has never seen the daylight. More information: Android pre-story part 2: the first days of Android in our second episode, we will look at the first year of Android on the market, from the launch of the T-Mobile G1 at the end of 2008 to the first breakout successes for Android L. Next year: comment from a main mobile executive. We will look at the impact of the G1 launch, the Android open source model bolts and the first drawings of the user interface and the partnership with Verizon who gave us "Droid". To learn more: the first days of Android Part 3: Android makes it great in the third part of our series of Android history, we find the progress of Android as it makes it great in the mobile world, with devices like HTC Evo, HTC Desire e Samsung Galaxy Galaxy S sweep the operating system at a dominant position. And we revise the beginning of the Google Nexus program, which brought a "pure Google" phone to consumers, directly from their headquarters of the mountains view, for the first time. We will also examine the first large Android tablet and the growing rival between Google and Apple in the mobile space. Find out more: Android makes it great part 4: Android has turned by the end of 2010 Android had become a force to calculate with smartphones. The following year he would see the Google operating system properly in tablet with the ardently hit (but sick) honeycomb version before gathering the phone and the tablet branches in the ice cream sandwich, the largest change to Android in its history so far. With "ICS" has arrived a completely new visual style and a stronger concentration on design. And thanks to a partnership with Samsung, Android 4.0 debuted on a phone with a large technical milestone at its name. In part four of the series, we explore a transformative year full of new types of Android devices and a new design language. More information: Android is transformed part 5: The ascent of Samsung with the arrival of Android 4.0, the Google operating system was starting to look like a mature platform. The release of the ice cream sandwich gave to the phone and tablet manufacturers is a truly solid foundation to build at the top, and this is exactly what we saw in 2012. In the fifth part of our series on the history of Android, We will see how Samsung started becoming a dominant force in Android space, taking battle with Apple in the process. And we will review how Google has faced some of the long-standing weaknesses of Android through Android 4.1 Jelly Bean and Google Play Services. And a bonus interview with Steve Kondik of Cyanogen offers a unique perspective on the history of Android. Part 6: The era of the jelly of all the nicknamed versions of Android, Jelly Bean was with us the longest. It was an important moment for Android maturity as a platform, with Google The most fluid operating system and more stable through a wide range of devices, while establishing the base for future developments such as Android Wear. In the sixth part of the series, we will see how fierce competition between telephone producers in the gelatin era brought us some of the most unique, beautiful and capable devices. We will take a look at how Google tried (and failed) to hold Android to a a Public with the Google Play Boy Editions program. And we revise the rise of Wearables, including the first mass market android smartwatch smartwatch, Samsung Galaxy Gear. Find out more: the Jelly Bean Part 7 era: Android everywhere when you are dominating the smartphone world and successfully triggering a niche against Apple in the tablet space, where do you go later? In 2014, the answer for Android was everywhere. In twelve-month space, Android exploded on Wearables, TVS (again, after the thrust of Google TV prepared), cars and even Chromebooks. Android was rapidly going from being the Google's mobile operating system to the company's operating system. In the seventh part of our series of Android history, we will look like Google pushed Android in new borders. We will examine the change of fortunes in the smartphone world, like Samsung stumbles and LG increases. And we will see how the lollipop and a new lot of Nexus devices set the stage for the eighth age of Android. Find out more: Android everywhere in the last (for now) installment of our series of Android history, we examine the third and Android age. As smartphone hardware starts from the plateau, we see important new medium-range devices that steal the show and the Android cameras at the high end which prove to be the potential of mobile photography. And in a transformative year for Google, we look at the company's journey to be a mobile operator with the fi project, as well as its reorganization under the "alphabet" conglomerate and the new CEO of Google Sundar Pichai. To learn more: the third and Android private navigation allows you to surf the web without saving any information about your browsing and downloading history, cookies, shape data or research history. Browsers available for PC have provided ways to surf privately, but regarding private browsing on a phone or tablet? It is easy to browse privately on a mobile device and we will show you how to do it in Google Chrome, Firefox and Dolphin on Android and how to use two other browsers on Android designed specifically for private browsing, the Dolphin Zero and inBrowser. Google Chrome to surf privately at Google Chrome, we will open an "incognito" card. In Chrome, touch the Menu button (three points in a vertical line) and then tap "New Private Tab" in the drop-down menu. All currently open cards are replaced with a new unknown tab and an icon that looks like a secret agent is displayed in the upper left corner of the browser window. Note: To open another unknown tab, touch the small tab to the right of the current tab. To stop surfing in private, close all unknown open cards. The normal cards you have previously opened are displayed again. Firefox to surf privately to Firefox, we will open a private card. Touch the Menu button (three vertical online points) in the upper right corner of the browser window, and then touch "New Private Tab" in the drop-down menu. A new "Private browsing" is displayed, replaces the normal tabs you have opened. To open additional private navigation cards or close the tabs, touch the card icon in the upper left corner of the window browser. A box is displayed on the left side of the browser window that displays the miniatures of the open private navigation cards. Note that there are three icons at the top of the box. The mask icon is underlined when you are in private navigation mode. To return to the normal navigation mode without closing the private navigation cards, touch the card icon on the far left of the icons at the top of the left pane. To open a new tab of Private, tap the most sign at the bottom of the left pane. NOTICE The small mask icon on the most sign indicating that you are in private navigation mode. Note: If all open private navigation cards are closed, it is automatically returned to the normal normal card accessible. Dolphin to surf privately to Dolphin, do not open special special special navigation cards. Instead, it turns on "private mode." This automatically eliminates the navigation history, cookies, module data, etc. When you go out To turn private mode, touch the dolphin icon in the lower left corner of the browser window. Then, tap the menu button, which is the lowest of the three buttons that pop out. Tap the button "Settings" on the toolbar that opens. Scroll down the screen and touch "Settings" a Privacy & Data. A "Privacy & Data" personnel on Privacy and DataA personal screen, touch the switch on the right of a private MODEA to turn it on. There should be a check mark on the left when it a s. Now you can surf your favorite sites using more data sheets and online activities are not saved. To exit the Dolphin, touch the dolphin icon in the lower left corner of the new browser window, and tap a "Exit" on the toolbar that opens. A dialog box that allow you to clear the cache and history. Select a clear and a clear history "checkboxes and touch a "Exit". All traces of your browsing session are deleted. Dolphin Zero If you want to install a browser you can surf the web private by default, specifically designed for this purpose. We'll show you two of these types of browsers. Dolphin Zero is a specialized version of the Dolphin browser in private browsing. Any browsing you do in Dolphin Zero is private by default. To install Dolphin Zero, search for it in Google Play Store and tap the button "Install". Once it's installed, open Dolphin Zero. The Home tab is displayed that tells you what is deleted when you exit Dolphin Zero. Enter a URL in the address bar at the top of the window to visit a site. NOTE: Dolphin Zero does not allow you to open more cards, so you can browse multiple websites at once. If you must use multiple tabs and still browse privately, see our discussion of Dolphin above. When you're done browsing, tap the menu button at the bottom of the navigation window and then tap the button "Exit". An animation of shredding paper displays before closing the browser, indicating all traces of your browsing session are deleted. InBrowser InBrowser is a dedicated browser for private browsing and allows you to open more tabs. To install InBrowser, try InBrowser in the Google Play Store and tap the button "Install". The first time you run InBrowser, Changelogs display. Tap the button of a back-to InBrowser Startpage" to return to the default search page. the initial search page appears. Please enter your search term, if you want to run a web Search | A " |, enter a URL in the address bar at the top of the browser window to visit a web site. To open another tab, tap the menu button in the upper right corner of the browser window. Tap a new Tab at the bottom of the slide-out dialog. You are returned to the browser window and a new tab appears with the default search page active. For switching tabs, touch the new menu button in the top right corner and touch the website (and card) that you want to move. NOTE: If you decide to switch cards, do not touch the button "Back" in the window of slide-out box, or the button on the device "Back". Touching or Backa button returns you to the previous web page in the currently selected tab. To return to the card and web page you were viewing, simply touch that page in the list in the slide-out dialog. If you do a lot of private browsing on a PC, you can always start any browser in private browsing mode. If you want to be able to As privately on a PC, you can use the TOR network, even if it doesn't provides perfect anonymity. anonymity. anonymity.

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